

Package: DEplotting (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Visualization Tools for German Regional Data

Version 0.1.0

Description Provides functions to download, process, and visualize German geospatial data across administrative levels, including states, districts, and municipalities. Supports interactive tables and customized maps using built-in or external datasets.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

URL <https://codeberg.org/BBEdata/DEplotting>

BugReports <https://codeberg.org/BBEdata/DEplotting/issues>

Imports dplyr, ggplot2, grDevices, grid, magrittr, patchwork, rlang, scales, sf, stringr, utils, data.table, DT

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Contents

download_geo	2
list_codes	3
load_geodata	3
map_plot	4
nstudents2022	5

Index	7
--------------	----------

`download_geo`*Download Geodata*

Description

Downloads and unzips shapefiles from the official repository of the German Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy (BKG) for a specified range of years. The shapefiles are saved into a user-specific directory (`tools::R_user_dir("DEplotting", "data")`). Downloading these files may take some time, but it is necessary for other functions in this package to work properly. Already downloaded years are detected and not re-downloaded.

Usage

```
download_geo(start_year = 1998, end_year = 2022)
```

Arguments

`start_year` Integer. The starting year for downloading geodata (default is 1998).
`end_year` Integer. The ending year for downloading geodata (default is 2022).

Details

Each shapefile folder for a single year is approximately 114 MB. The total download size for all 25 years can reach approximately 2.85 GB. After running `download_geo()` once, it is recommended to run it again to verify that all selected years were downloaded successfully. Any years that are already present will be skipped, and the function will attempt to download only the missing or previously failed ones.

The shapefiles accessed by this function are provided by the German Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy (BKG). These data are licensed under the Data License Germany – attribution – Version 2.0 (dl-de/by-2-0). For more information, see <https://www.govdata.de/dl-de/by-2-0>.

Value

No return value. Side effect: downloads and unzips shapefiles, prints progress messages, and stores the data locally.

See Also

[list_codes](#), [map_plot](#), [load_geodata](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
download_geo(2022, 2022)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

list_codes	<i>Look Up Administrative Codes (AGS) for German Regions</i>
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Description

Displays an interactive table for identifying official administrative codes (AGS) of municipalities (Gemeinden), districts (Kreise), and federal states (Länder) in Germany. The function loads and processes shapefiles for a given year, merges them across administrative levels, and presents a searchable datatable with names and AGS codes for each region.

Usage

```
list_codes(year)
```

Arguments

year Integer. Year of the geodata (must be between 1998 and 2022).

Value

A DT: :datatable object showing merged geospatial metadata with municipality, district, and state names and their respective AGS codes.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
list_codes(year = 2022)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

load_geodata	<i>Load Processed Geodata</i>
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Description

Loads shapefiles of states (Länder: LAN), districts (Kreise, kreisfreie Städte: KRS), and municipalities (Gemeinde: GEM) for a given year. The shapefiles are processed and assigned to the global environment as vg250_lan, vg250_krs, and vg250_gem. This function is useful if you want to use the shapefiles with other R packages to plot your data.

Usage

```
load_geodata(year)
```

Arguments

year Integer. The year of geodata to load (must be between 1998 and 2022).

Value

No return value. This function assigns the spatial datasets `vg250_lan`, `vg250_krs`, and `vg250_gem` to the global environment using `<<-`.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Load the geodata from year 2015 into the R environment
load_geodata(year = 2015)

## End(Not run)
```

map_plot

Plot Regionalized Data on Maps of Germany

Description

Visualizes regional data by creating maps of Germany. Currently supports states (Länder), districts (Kreise, kreisfreie Städte), and municipalities (Gemeinde). Can be used to plot any lower level within a higher one, e.g. states within Germany or municipalities within a district.

Usage

```
map_plot(
  data,
  var,
  map_section = "",
  level = "",
  add_labels,
  year,
  geo_year,
  palette = ""
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data frame. The dataset containing the variable to be plotted.
<code>var</code>	Character. The name of the variable (column) in data to be visualized.
<code>map_section</code>	Character vector of AGS codes or federal state shortcuts. Used to define the outer boundaries of the map. Shortcuts are available for Germany ("DE") and for each federal state (e.g., "BE" for Berlin). For other areas, providing an AGS code is necessary, which can be looked up using the <code>list_codes</code> function.
<code>level</code>	Character "land", "kreis", or "gemeinde". Used to define the inner boundaries, i.e. the areas which will be plotted within <code>map_section</code> . For example, to plot districts in the state of Brandenburg specify <code>map_section = "BB"</code> and <code>level = "kreis"</code> .

add_labels	Logical. Whether to show numeric labels on the map. If TRUE, will not only fill each area specified in level with a color but also print the number provided in var on the map.
year	Integer. Year of the data to be plotted. Will detect the respective column in data if it is named "Year" or "Jahr" and filter the year specified. Will by default also determine the year from which the geospatial data (shapefiles) will be used (see geo_year). Useful if data contains information from multiple years.
geo_year	Integer or "". Year of the geodata to use; defaults to "" for which the year provided in year is used. Specify manually to plot data from a given year using geospatial data from a different year. Can be useful in case of matching issues.
palette	Character. Name of the color palette ("Red", "Blue", etc.).

Value

A ggplot2 object visualizing the provided regional data. Can be further customized.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data <- nstudents2022 # provide the data you want to plot here

# Example: Plotting the number of students in Germany by state
map_plot(
  data = data,           # the dataset containing the variable to plot
  var = "nStudents",    # the variable to plot
  map_section = "DE",   # plot entire Germany
  level = "land",       # plot by state
  add_labels = FALSE,   # do not show labels
  year = 2022,          # year of the data
  geo_year = "",        # use the same year for geodata
  palette = "red"       # use red color palette
)

## End(Not run)
```

nstudents2022

Example Educational Data (2022)

Description

A small sample dataset containing the number of students per German state (Länder) for the year 2022.

Usage

```
nstudents2022
```

Format

A data frame with 16 rows and 4 columns:

Year The year of observation (2022)

ARS Administrative regional code (2-digit code for German states)

Name Name of the German state

nStudents Total number of secondary school students in each state

Source

Statistisches Bundesamt (Destatis), Genesis-Online; Data licence dl-de/by-2-0 [<https://www.govdata.de/dl-de/by-2-0>]

Index

- * **datasets**
 - nstudents2022, 5
- * **germany**
 - map_plot, 4
- * **mapping**
 - map_plot, 4
- * **shapefiles**
 - map_plot, 4
- * **visualization**
 - map_plot, 4

download_geo, 2

list_codes, 2, 3

load_geodata, 2, 3

map_plot, 2, 4

nstudents2022, 5